CAPA Photography Competitions: Promoting Our Content Credential Model



Executive Summary

The Canadian Association of Photographic Art (CAPA) has adopted the Content Credential model to address the challenges posed by Al-generative tools.

Between now and the end of 2027, we will be promoting this Content Credential model with all camera clubs and photographers. During this time frame, camera clubs and photographers are encouraged to review our Content Credential Model details contained in Al Info option contained within the Competitions dropdown menu.

Until such time that the C2PA's content credentials become an industry standard, camera clubs and photographers have the **option to activate** or **not activate** the Content Credential features within Lightroom and Photoshop.

For interested camera clubs and individual CAPA members, we provide a PowerPoint presentation for camera clubs hosting a Zoom session. A video of this presentation may be available on video.

The Challenge: Al in Photography Competitions

Al-powered photo editing has revolutionized photography, but it has also created confusion in competitive photography. While some Al tools enhance existing image elements appropriately, other Al tools are prohibited because they generate synthetic content that wasn't originally captured by the photographer.

Important Distinction: These new standards apply specifically to photographs that have been modified using AI enhancement tools, **not to entirely AI-generated images created from text prompts**. Fully AI-generated images (those created entirely from text prompts without an original photograph) are prohibited from CAPA competitions.

Currently, the photography community faces several problems:

- No unified guidelines on acceptable AI tools for competitions;
- Inconsistent enforcement across different competitions;
- Al detection technology that can't keep pace with advancing Al capabilities;
- Growing uncertainty among photographers about which AI tools are competitionsafe.

Our Solution: Content Credentials (C2PA Standards)

CAPA is adopting the Coalition for Content Provenance and Authenticity (C2PA) standards to provide reliable competition image verification. C2PA is an international consortium that develops open, royalty-free technical standards for tracking digital content authenticity.

At present, there are 5,000 committed firms supporting the C2PA standard such as:

Adobe Al Labs Amazon American Society of media Photographers Associated Press Association of Photographers (UK) **BBC** Canon CBC Getty Images Globe and Mail Google Intel Leica LinedIn Meta Microsoft Nikon Open Al Sony Reuters Stern

How Content Credentials Work

Content Credentials embed a signed metadata manifest written into the metadata file during the export process, and records the following provenance details:

- Original creator and capture details;
- Camera or creation/editing software used;

- Complete editing history with timestamps;
- Any Al tools used during post-processing;
- Full chain of custody from creation to submission.

Secure metadata is embedded within the image file and can be authenticated using the verification tool available at <u>contentcredentials.org/verify</u>. The Content Credentials platform can detect any unauthorized modifications to this metadata.

Implementation Guidelines by Software

We have created seven (7) documents which outlines what AI tools are acceptable and those not permitted. Documents also include the specific means which the images must be saved or exported to ensure the retention of the image's metadata.

To support our adoption of the **Content Credential Model**, we have created five Al Pitfalls guidelines for photographers. These guidelines clarify which Al features are acceptable in submissions and which are not:

- Adobe Photoshop (English) (French)
- Lightroom Desktop (English) (French)
- Lightroom Classic (English) (French)
- Lightroom Mobile (English) (French)
- Luminar Neo (English) (French)
- ON1 Photo RAW (English) (French)
- Topaz Labs (English) (French)

Verification Process for Content Credential

All photographers and camera clubs can evaluate their images to determine if they have been registered as a C2PA image and if the image contains AI-generative features.

The following steps outline how image can be verified using the contentcredential.org/verify website.

- **Step 1:** Visit contentcredentials.org/verify
- Step 2: Upload or drag-and-drop your image
- **Step 3:** Review the complete authenticity report

The verification system accepts these file formats: AVI, DNG, HEIC, HEIF, JPEG, PNG, SVG, TIFF, WebP

The following is an example of what this application analysis will produce.



Figure 1 – Screen capture of Content Credential website's analysis of an image which contains at least one element which has been Al-generated.

What Verification Shows

- Original source and creation timestamp
- Software and equipment used
- Complete modification history
- Al tool usage (if any)
- Tamper detection alerts

On the <u>contentcredentials.org/verify</u> resulting window, a registered C2PA image will contain the Content Credential pin which will appear in the upper left hand corner of the image.

The following is an example of Content Credential pin.



Figure 2 – Example of the Content Credential pin.

Al Detection and Verification Protocols

CAPA uses the Hive AI Detection website, which is an AI classifier tool, to identify images that may have been generated by AI.

Camera club representatives who suspect an image may be fully Al-generated can submit it to the Director of Competition for analysis. The image will be processed through Hive Al Detection, and results will be returned to the requesting representative.

Benefits of C2PA for the Photography Community

For Individual Photographers

- Trust and Authentication: Verifies that your images meet competition standards before submission, preventing disqualification due to unacceptable Algenerative use.
- Copyright Protection: The embedded creator information and timestamps strengthen copyright claims and ensures proper attribution.
- **Professional Recognition:** Platforms such as LinkedIn recognize Content Credentials, enhancing professional credibility.

For Camera Clubs

• **Simplified Verification:** Check image authenticity through the Content Credentials website before submission to external competitions (specialized Al detection expertise is not required).

Note: Currently limited to images processed in Photoshop and Lightroom.

For Competition Organizers

- **Transparent Verification:** Organizers are able to access complete image history including capture details, editing timeline, and AI tool usage.
- Efficient Processing: Automated authenticity checking reduces manual review time while ensuring compliance with competition rules.
- **Tamper Detection:** Built-in security features identify unauthorized metadata modifications and content manipulation attempts.

Implementation Timeline

Phase 1: Education & Dialogue (2026)

- Host webinars and workshops on Al tools, authentication methods, and emerging standards
- Gather ongoing feedback from clubs about practical workflow challenges-

 Continue to monitor industry developments in content authentication across all major software platforms

Phase 2: Pilot Program (2027)

- Introduce and education our photographers on **optionally adopting** our Content Credential model for Adobe users who wish to use them
- Continue to work with other global photographic societies to explore the global adoption of Content Credentials

Phase 3: Future Implementation (2028 and beyond)

 Consider proceeding with mandatory authentication requirements for all Adobe products

Immediate Actions

For the current competition cycle, we will continue with our existing verification and authentication processes:

- RAW file and photo forensic verification for finalists
- Reverse image search on all potential winning images
- The Hive AI Detection tool for suspected fully AI-generated images

'Beta-testing' of Adobe's Content Credentials

On September 2, 2025, <u>Adobe announced new beta features</u> for its Content Credential standards, aimed at enhancing digital trust, transparency, and creator control in generative AI and complex media workflows.

Key new features included the beta testing are as follows:

- The verified creator attribution feature allows creators to embed their authenticated professional credentials from LinkedIn, Behance, Instagram, and X into their digital works, creating a direct link between their verified identity and their creative output.
- The beta version lets you add Content Credentials to up to 50 JPG or PNG images at once. Future updates will support larger file sizes and additional formats like video and audio.
- Creators can now set preferences about whether their content gets used to train Al models. This new feature helps protect their choices and may align with upcoming international regulations around Al training opt-outs. (https://contentauthenticity.adobe.com/)
- These credentials work like a permanent digital fingerprint that stays with your content no matter what happens to it - whether someone edits it, takes

screenshots, or shares it around. This creates a complete history showing how your content has changed hands and been modified over time.

- Built-in browser tools let anyone check how content has been edited over time and see what credentials were used to create it.
- New watermarking and encryption tools are in development to better protect digital images, using both invisible background markers and visible authenticity signals to verify their origin.
- The latest C2PA technical updates introduce improved manifest formatting, enhanced workflow management, timestamping features, and expanded metadata capabilities.

These updates are aimed at making content provenance more robust and user-friendly for creative professionals, news organizations, and photographic communities.

Closing Comments

Our new Content Credential model was designed to help preserve the integrity of our competitions by providing clear guidelines on acceptable AI tool usage while maintaining the distinction between captured photography and synthetic content. As technology and Content Credentials **are** adopted by software and IT firms, we will advise all camera clubs and individual CAPA members

If you have any questions or concerns in this matter, please do not hesitate in emailing the writer at capacanada.ca

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